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World Fertility Survey Inventory
Africa 1960–1973

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The World Fertility Survey is an international research programme whose purpose is to assess the current state of human fertility throughout the world. This is being done principally through promoting and supporting nationally representative, internationally comparable, and scientifically designed and conducted sample surveys of fertility behaviour in as many countries as possible.

The WFS is being undertaken, with the collaboration of the United Nations, by the International Statistical Institute in cooperation with the International Union for the Scientific Study of Population. Financial support is provided principally by the United Nations Fund for Population Activities and the United States Agency for International Development.

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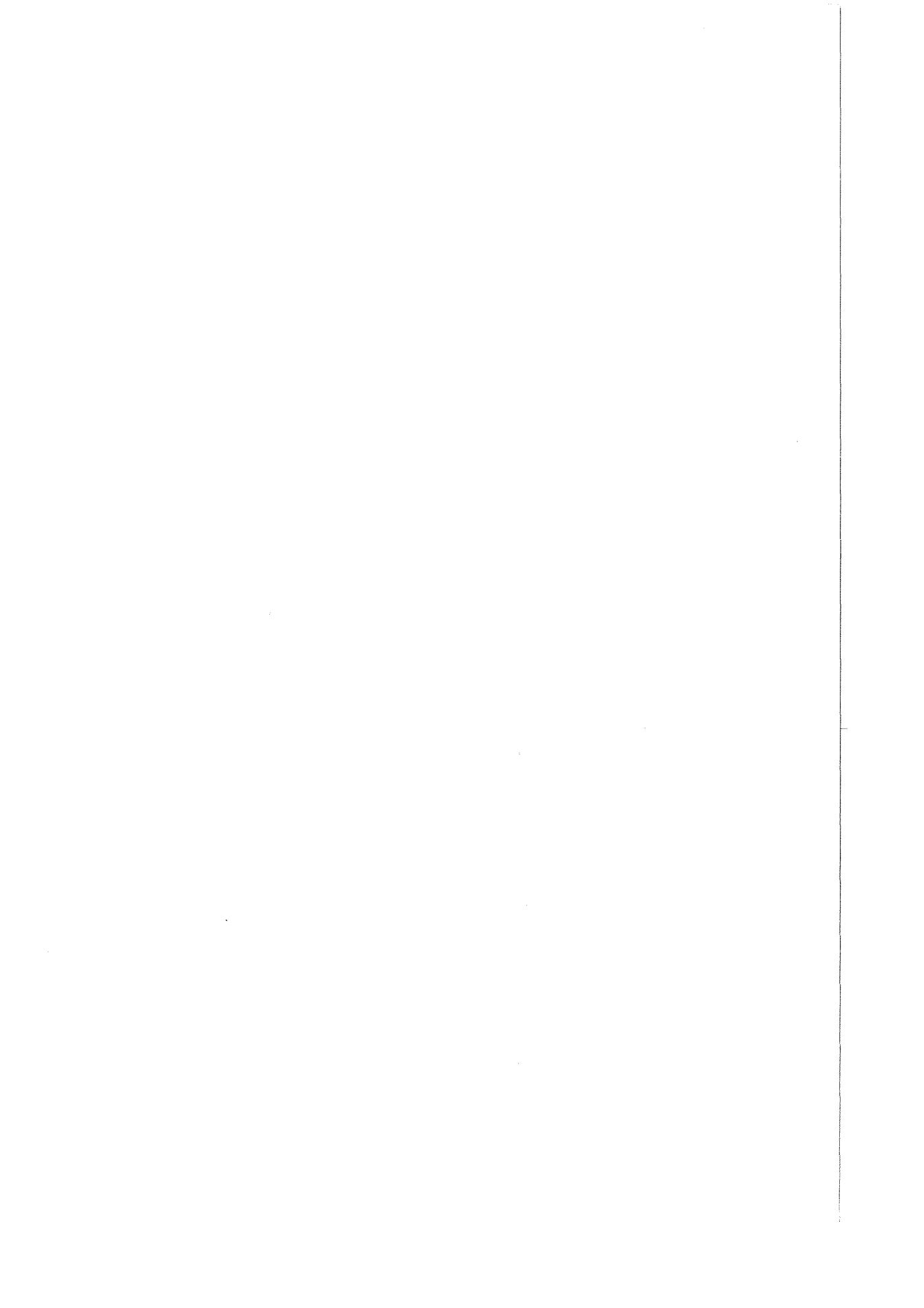
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The World Fertility Survey Inventory: Major Fertility and Related Surveys Conducted in Africa 1960-1973

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The World Fertility Survey Inventory: Major Fertility and Related Surveys Conducted in Africa 1960-1973.

The World Fertility Survey is a major program of research involving nationwide sample surveys to be carried out in 50 to 60 countries. This program is being undertaken by the International Statistical Institute, with the collaboration of the United Nations, in cooperation with the International Union for the Scientific Study of Population, in observation of the World Population Year 1974. If the World Fertility Survey is to advance our understanding of fertility behavior, it must profit from previous research. Thus, a number of projects have been carried out to assess the substantive and methodological state of the art in modern fertility research. One of these is the World Fertility Survey Inventory, compiled by the International Statistical Programs Center of the U. S. Bureau of the Census.

The design of sample surveys involves important decisions which must be made wisely to assure that research goals are met. In order to bring past experience to bear on the task of formulating a common survey design for nations participating in the World Fertility Survey, the Inventory attempts to compile methodological information on all major fertility and related surveys conducted throughout the world since 1960. These data can then be focused to help make technical decisions and evaluate alternative research strategies.

Information on research design was sought for all surveys in the inventory. Each was classified by survey type as follows: Fertility surveys are those which focus analytically on the measurement of female fertility. KAP surveys add to this the study of birth control knowledge, attitudes, and practice. Demographic surveys generally enumerate all persons in the sample population regardless of age or sex, thus emphasizing population dynamics, although fertility data can usually be derived, and special fertility or KAP schedules may be administered to eligible women. Multipurpose surveys are those designed to study other relatively distinct subjects along with the fertility inquiry, such as household expenditures or consumption patterns. Information also was sought on the universe of each survey, with details on geographic and population coverage; the survey method, coded as single-round retrospective, multi-round, or dual system; sampling method and sample size; and content of the questionnaire. Whenever possible, a copy of the questionnaire and a bibliography of published materials was collected for each survey.

The World Fertility Survey Inventory covers only relatively large-scale fertility and related

sample surveys conducted between 1960 and 1973. Included are nationwide surveys and those of regions, states, or provinces, and surveys of capital or other major cities. Excluded are studies of smaller local areas, of communities, or of particular population groups such as plantation workers or clinic patients. For Africa some current surveys of local areas have been included because they are planned to be extended nationwide in the future. For periodic multi-purpose inquiries such as the Ethiopian National Sample Survey, only the most recent round for which information is available is included.

To qualify for inclusion in the Inventory a survey must have gathered information relevant to modern demographic research, with questions ranging beyond "surviving children." All but a few inquired about births in a recent period, with the exceptions asking about children ever born and children surviving. Public opinion surveys with no current fertility measurement were excluded.

The Inventory is an ongoing project which evolves constantly as new surveys are incorporated, past surveys are discovered and documented, and new information is received indicating that a survey included in the Inventory actually does not have a significant fertility component. Thus, the present inventory is slightly different from the earlier version which was the basis of the paper summarizing the Inventory.* The present World Fertility Survey Inventory has added a few surveys and excluded all planned future surveys, some studies of local districts, and a few which were discovered not to be fertility or related surveys. However, none of the basic conclusions of the summary paper are altered by these changes.

The work of compiling the World Fertility Survey Inventory was truly an international effort. Samuel Baum, Kathleen Dopkowski, William G. Duncan, and Peter Gardiner of the International Statistical Programs Center of the U. S. Bureau of the Census had primary responsibility for developing the inventory, but expert help was sought at various stages from leading national and international organizations such as the United Nations, the Centro Latinoamericano de Demografía (CELADE), the Economic Commission for Asia and the Far East (ECAFE), and the Economic Commission for Africa (ECA); the Population Council, New York; the Office de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique Outre-Mer (ORSTOM) and Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (INSEE), Paris; and the World Fertility Survey Central Staff, London. Furthermore, the inventory sheet for each survey was sent to the organization which had conducted the study for completion of missing items and verification of information already gathered. The response rate was in the neighborhood of 90 percent, extremely high for a mailed form, and a gratifying indication of the international cooperation which will be vital to the successful completion of the World Fertility Survey.

* William G. Duncan, "The Nature and Content of Fertility and Related Surveys Conducted Throughout the World Since 1960," *WFS Occasional Papers*, No. 1, 1973. Two other papers summarizing the Inventory in earlier stages were presented at the First Ad Hoc Technical Advisory Meeting of the World Fertility Survey in July 1972. These papers, "An Inventory and Discussion of Selected Characteristics of 41 Past Fertility (and Fertility Related) Surveys," by Peter Gardiner and William Miller; and "An Inventory of Fertility and Related Surveys Conducted or Planned Since 1968," by Samuel Baum, Carolyn Hay, and Jerrold Huguet; are available from the International Statistical Institute or the International Statistical Programs Center of the U.S. Bureau of the Census.

World Fertility Survey Inventory: African Surveys

- Algeria, 1966, Enquête Post-Censitaire
Algeria, 1967–68, Enquête Socio-Démographique
Algeria, 1969–71, Statistique National de la Population
Arab Republic of Egypt, 1965–66, Rural Vital Rates Survey in Lower Egypt
Arab Republic of Egypt, 1966, Population Sample Census
Burundi, 1965, Enquête Démographique
Burundi, 1970–71, Enquête Démographique Nationale
Cameroon, 1960, Enquête Démographique Nord
Cameroon, 1961, Enquête Démographique Adamaua-Sud Benoue
Cameroon, 1962, Enquête Démographique Centre et Este
Cameroon, 1964, Enquête Démographique Occidental
Cameroon, 1964–65, Enquête sur le Niveau de Vie à Yaoundé
Cameroon, 1965, Enquête Démographique Sud-Ouest
Cameroon, 1965–68, Observation Permanente des Faits Démographiques
Cameroon, 1973, (continuing), Observation Permanente des Faits Démographiques
Central African Republic, 1972 (continuing), Observation Permanente des Faits Démographiques
Chad, 1964, Enquête Démographique au Tchad
Chad, 1970, KAP Survey
Congo, 1960–62, Enquête Démographique
Congo, 1972 (continuing) Observation Permanente des Faits Démographiques
Dahomey, 1961, Enquête Démographique
Ethiopia, 1964, Birth and Infant Death Registration Project
Ethiopia, 1968–70, National Sample Survey – Second Round
Ethiopia, 1970, Ethiopian Population Research Project
Gabon, 1960–61, Enquête Post-Censitaire
Gabon, 1962, Enquête Démographique
Gabon, 1971 (continuing), Observation Permanente des Faits Démographiques
Ghana, 1960, Post-Enumeration Survey
Ghana, 1963, Rural Fertility Survey
Ghana, 1965–66, Ghana Fertility Survey
Ghana, 1966, Ghana Population Survey
Ghana, 1968–69, The National Demographic Sample Survey
Ghana, 1971, 1970 Census Supplementary Enquiry
Ivory Coast, 1963–64, Enquête Socio-Economique à Abidjan
Kenya, 1962, Post-Enumeration Survey
Kenya, 1972–1977, Survey of Population Change
Lesotho, 1967–68, Demographic Component of the Rural Household Consumption and Expenditure Survey
Lesotho, 1971–73, Demographic Survey
Liberia, 1969–73, Population Growth Survey

Malagasy Republic, 1966, Enquête Démographique
Malawi, 1970–72, Malawi Population Change Survey
Mali, 1960–61, Enquête Démographique
Mauritania, 1964–65, Enquête Démographique
Morocco, 1961–63, Enquête à Objectifs Multiples
Morocco, 1966, Survey of Knowledge, Attitudes, and Practice of Family Planning in Nine Cities
Morocco, 1967, Survey of Knowledge, Attitudes, and Practice of Family Planning – Rural
Morocco, 1972–73, (continuing), National Demographic Survey and Vital Registration Study
Niger, 1963–64, Etude Démographique et Economique en Milieu Nomade
Niger, 1970–71, Enquête sur la Fécondité et la Famille
Nigeria, 1965–66, Rural Demographic Sample Survey
Nigeria, 1967–68, Family Health Survey
Nigeria, 1969, Spread of Anti-Natal Knowledge and Practice in Nigeria
Nigeria, 1969–73, Rural KAP Survey in Ishan Division
Nigeria, 1971–73, National Fertility, Family and Family Planning Survey, (FFP-KAP)
Nigeria, 1973, Demographic Survey
Rwanda, 1970, Enquête Démographique
Senegal, 1960–61, Enquête Démographique National
Senegal, 1962–66, Enquête Démographique dans la Région du Sine-Saloum
Senegal, 1970–71, Enquête Démographique
Senegal, 1972–73, Enquête Fécondité au Cap Vert
Sierra Leone, 1969–70, Fertility and Family Planning Survey
Sierra Leone, 1971–72, Survey on Demographic Aspects of Marriage in Sierra Leone
Sierra Leone, 1972, Western Region Fertility Survey
Sudan, 1961–68, Sudan Demographic Survey
Tanzania, 1973–74, National Demographic Survey (Vital Rates Estimation)
Togo, 1961, Enquête Démographique
Togo, 1969–70, KAP Survey
Togo, 1971, Demographic Survey
Tunisia, 1964, Urban Survey
Tunisia, 1968–69, Enquête Nationale Démographique
Uganda, 1970–72, Vital Registration and Differential Population Growth
Upper Volta, 1960–61, Enquête Démographique
Upper Volta, 1969, Enquête sur le Changement Social et les Naissances
Upper Volta, 1972–73, Enquête Démographique
Zambia, 1969–70, Survey on Population Growth in Selected Urban and Rural Areas

Bibliography

The associated publications for each Survey (where applicable) are listed separately in the same order as the Surveys themselves.

Inventory of Fertility and Related Surveys

Algeria 1966	<i>Enquête Post-Censitaire</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Ministère des Finances et du Plan, Sous-Direction des Statistiques (Algeria)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	Not available
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Single stage area sample
Algeria 1967-68	<i>Enquête Socio-Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National except 2 Sahara départements
<i>b Population</i>	Couples with wife aged 15–45 years and with at least one child
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Association Algérienne pour la Recherche Démographique, Economique et Sociale (Algeria) and Ministère des Finances et du Plan, Sous-Direction des Statistiques (Algeria,)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	2,140 couples out of 2,686 households sampled
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified multi-stage sampling of enumeration districts and households

Algeria 1969-71	<i>Statistique Nationale de la Population</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Ministère des Finances et du Plan, Sous-Direction des Statistiques (Algeria)
	A. Bahri, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
	F. Pradel De Lamaze, P. Bourcier de Carbon, J. Vallin and D. Tabutin, <i>Consultants</i>
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round
<i>Sample Size</i>	350,000 persons with a sampling of 7,000 women for fertility ques- tions
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Single-stage sampling of districts in metropolitan areas, multi- stage stratified sampling of districts elsewhere
Arab Republic of Egypt	
1965-66	<i>Rural Vital Rates Survey in Lower Egypt</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Lower Egypt
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Central Agency for Public Mobilisation and Statistics (Egypt)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Dual System – 3 semiannual census enumerations and monthly vital registration visits
<i>Sample Size</i>	25 villages
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified random sampling of villages, full enumeration within villages

Arab Republic of Egypt	
1966	<i>Population Sample Census</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National except nomadic zones
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population – fertility questionnaire to 1 percent of households
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Central Agency for Public Mobilisation and Statistics (Egypt)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	116,865 urban and 104,168 rural households
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified random sampling of urban households and rural villages
 Burundi 1965	 <i>Enquête Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Département des Statistiques (Burundi)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	64,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Not available
 Burundi 1970-71	 <i>Enquête Démographique Nationale</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Département de Statistiques (Burundi)
 <i>Survey Method</i>	Study Director from Société d'Etudes du Développement Economique et Social, (France)
<i>Sample Size</i>	Two French technical consultants
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Multi-round
	25,000 persons
	Stratified sample of clustered collines

Cameroon 1960	<i>Enquête Démographique Nord</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Regional – 5 Départements
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de la Statistique (Cameroon)
	Office de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique Outre-Mer (France), <i>Consultants</i>
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	45,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified random sampling of urban zones and rural clusters of inhabitants
Cameroon 1961	<i>Enquête Démographique Adamaua-Sud Benoue</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Regional
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de la Statistique (Cameroon)
	Office de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique Outre-Mer (France), <i>Consultants</i>
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	14,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified random sample of urban zones and rural clusters of inhabitants

Cameroon 1962	<i>Enquête Démographique Centre et Est</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Regional: Centre et Est – 7 Départements
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de la Statistique (Cameroon)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Office de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique Outre-Mer (France), <i>Consultants</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	36,000 persons Stratified random sample of urban zones and rural clusters of inhabitants
Cameroon 1964	<i>Enquête Démographique Occidental</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Regional
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population/Fertility items to females aged 15 years and older
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Société d'Etudes du Développement Economique et Social (France) and Service de la Statistique (Cameroon)
<i>Survey Method</i>	F. Turlot and M. J. Durupt, <i>Principal Investigators</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Société d'Etudes du Développement Economique et Social (France) and Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (France), <i>Consultants</i>
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Single-round retrospective 112,580 persons including 28,273 eligible women Stratified multi-stage sampling of towns and households in urban areas and clusters of villages and households in rural areas

Cameroon 1964-65	<i>Enquête sur le Niveau de Vie à Yaoundé</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal b Population</i>	Capital city of Yaoundé Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Ministère du Plan et des Finances (Cameroon) and Société d'Etudes du Développement Economique et Social (France)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round (2 rounds)
<i>Sample Size</i>	20,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified cluster sample of households
Cameroon 1965	<i>Enquête Démographique Sud-Ouest</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal b Population</i>	Regional: Bamileke and littoral Total population/Fertility items to females aged 15 years and older
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de la Statistique (Cameroon), Société d'Etudes du Développement Economique et Social (France) and Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (France)
	Jean Chaumont (Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques), <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	128,577 persons including 35,131 eligible women
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified random sampling of urban towns and rural clusters of villages

Cameroon 1965-68	<i>Observation Permanente des Faits Démographiques</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Local; 2 rural cantons
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de la Statistique (Cameroon) and Office de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique Outre-Mer (France)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round (base plus 4 rounds)
<i>Sample Size</i>	15,303 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Purposive selection of areas, full enumeration of inhabitants
 Cameroon 1973	
(Continuing)	<i>Observation Permanente des Faits Démographiques</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Local – planned extension nationwide
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de la Statistique (Cameroon)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round
<i>Sample Size</i>	25,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Purposive selection of areas, full enumeration of inhabitants
 Central African Republic	
1972 (Continuing)	<i>Observation Permanente des Faits Démographiques</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Local zones – planned extension nationwide
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service des Statistiques (Central African Republic)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round
<i>Sample Size</i>	15,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Purposive selection of a commune in one zone, area sampling in another; full enumeration within areas

Chad 1964	<i>Enquête Démographique au Tchad</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal b Population</i>	Rural/urban in 11 départements Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de la Statistique (Chad), Société d'Etudes du Développement Economique et Social and Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (France)
<i>Survey Method</i>	J. P. Bermoiras (Project Director), <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	260,000 persons Stratified random sampling of urban zones, multi-stage sampling of clusters of inhabitants in rural areas
Chad 1970	<i>KAP Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal b Population</i>	Regional (Capital Fort Lamy and selected rural areas of Chari-Baguirmi) Presently married women aged 14–50
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Population Council (USA) and Institut National Chadian pour les Sciences Humaines (Chad)
<i>Survey Method</i>	S. P. Reyna, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Integrates survey techniques with anthropological observation of micro units (i.e. families and villages)
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	1600 females Urban area: systematic

Congo 1960-62	<i>Enquête Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National except Brazzaville
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de Statistique (Congo) and Office de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique Outre-Mer (France)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Mlle. Dom (Chef du Mission), <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	5 French technical consultants
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Single-round retrospective
	87,000 persons
	Stratified random sample of towns and of clusters of villages in rural areas
Congo 1972 (Continuing)	<i>Observation Permanente des Faits Démographiques</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Local – planned extension nationwide
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Direction des Statistiques (Congo)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round
<i>Sample Size</i>	10,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Area sampling with full enumeration of inhabitants
Dahomey 1961	<i>Enquête Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National except 1 canton, 1 urban centre
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Direction des Statistiques (Dahomey)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Office de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique Outre-Mer (France), <i>Consultants</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	109,000 persons
	Stratified random sampling of urban zones and rural villages

Ethiopia 1964	<i>Birth and Infant Death Registration Project</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic and Medical
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Rural (5 towns)
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Ministry of Public Health (Ethiopia)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Matthew M. Tayback and J. S. Prince, <i>Principal Investigators</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Multi-round
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	17,500 persons
	Multi-stage sampling: purposive of towns, random of households
Ethiopia 1968-70	<i>National Sample Survey – Second Round</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population – for fertility items women 12 years of age and older
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Central Statistical Office (Ethiopia)
<i>Survey Method</i>	United Nations expert, <i>consultant</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	One percent sample (rural), 10 to 100 percent sample (urban)
	Multi-stage stratified random sampling (rural); simple random sampling (urban)

Ethiopia 1970	<i>Ethiopian Population Research Project</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Regional (selected areas both urban and rural of differing tribal and religious affiliation)
<i>b Population</i>	Aged 15 years and older
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Institute of Ethiopian Studies (Haile Sellassie University)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Sigfried Pausewang and Wen Pin Chang, <i>Principal Investigators</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	2,500 persons
	Stratified multi-stage random sampling of districts, households, and individuals in urban areas, and of districts and households in rural areas
Gabon 1960-61	<i>Enquête Post-Censitaire</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de la Statistique (Gabon) and Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (France)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round
<i>Sample Size</i>	50,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified random sample of households in cities and towns, and of clusters of inhabitants in rural areas
Gabon 1962	<i>Enquête Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Nationwide – 10 rural cantons
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de la Statistique (Gabon)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round
<i>Sample Size</i>	40,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Full enumeration

Gabon 1971 (Continuing) *Observation Permanente des Faits Démographiques*

<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Local area – planned extension nationwide
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service des Statistiques (Gabon)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round
<i>Sample Size</i>	10,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Purposive selection of area, full enumeration of inhabitants

Ghana 1960 *Post-Enumeration Survey*

<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic/fertility
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Census Office (Ghana)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	5 percent
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified multi-stage sampling of enumeration areas and households

Ghana 1963 *Rural Fertility Study*

<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Rural, all those living in centers of less than 5,000 population
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Demographic Unit of the University of Ghana
<i>Survey Method</i>	J. C. Caldwell, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	709 rural households in 28 survey areas
	Stratified multi-stage random sampling of localities and households

Ghana 1965-1966	<i>Ghana Fertility Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Women 15 years of age and over
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	University of Ghana
<i>Survey Method</i>	D. I. Pool, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	2,715 urban females, 3,006 rural females, and 315 husbands from Accra
	Stratified multi-stage sampling of urban enumeration districts and clusters of dwellings, and of rural "local councils" and localities
Ghana 1966	<i>Ghana Population Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Central Bureau of Statistics (Ghana)
<i>Survey Method</i>	D. J. Owusu, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	C. Scott, <i>Consultant</i>
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Single-round retrospective
	200,000 persons
	Stratified single-stage area sample
Ghana 1968-69	<i>The National Demographic Sample Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic/KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population – fertility items for women 15 years of age and over – KAP data for ever-married women
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	University of Ghana and the Government of Ghana
<i>Survey Method</i>	S. K. Gaisie (University of Ghana), <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Abner Hurwitz, <i>Consultant</i>
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Dual System
	114,000 persons, 23,090 households
	Single stage cluster sampling in both the urban and rural areas

Ghana 1971	<i>1970 Census Supplementary Enquiry</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic/Fertility
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population – fertility items for all adult women 15 years of age and over
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Census Office (Ghana)
	K. T. de Graft Johnson, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	Approximately 450,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified single-stage sampling of census enumeration areas
Ivory Coast 1963-64	<i>Enquête Socio-Economique à Abidjan</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Capital city of Abidjan
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Ministre des Finances, des Affaires Economiques et du Plan and Société d'Economie et de Mathématiques Appliqués (Ivory Coast)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round (four rounds)
<i>Sample Size</i>	35,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified sampling of households or clusters of households
Kenya 1962	<i>Post-Enumeration Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Central Bureau of Statistics (Kenya)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	10 percent of enumeration areas
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Single-stage area sample

Kenya 1972-1977	<i>Survey of Population Change</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Study area comprising seven districts (Machakos, Nairobi, Kiambu, Nakuru, Kericho, Kisumu, and Kakemega)
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Central Bureau of Statistics (Kenya) and Laboratories for Population Statistics, University of North Carolina (USA)
<i>Survey Method</i>	S. S. Heyer (Director of Statistics) and J. A. Mwaniki (Government Demographer), <i>Principal Investigators</i> Hugh Rose (University of North Carolina), <i>Consultant</i> Dual System with 6 and/or 12 month surveys and bi-monthly visits for registration
<i>Sample Size</i>	Approximately 100,000 population
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified sample selection made on basis of equal probability
Lesotho 1967-68	<i>Demographic Component of the Rural Household Consumption and Expenditure Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Multipurpose
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Bureau of Statistics (Lesotho)
<i>Survey Method</i>	A. M. Monyake (Senior Statistician), <i>Principal Investigator</i> Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	126,994 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Multi-stage probability sampling of areas and households

Lesotho 1971-73	<i>Demographic Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Bureau of Statistics (Lesotho)
	A. M. Monyake (Senior Statistician) <i>Principal Investigator</i>
	J. G. C. Blacker (United Nations Economic Commission for Africa), <i>Consultant</i>
<i>Survey Method</i>	Dual System
<i>Sample Size</i>	114,000 persons, 22,800 households
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	10 percent systematic sampling of area units
 Liberia 1969-73	 <i>Population Growth Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population – for fertility items women 15 years of age and older
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Department of Planning and Economic Affairs (Liberia)
	John Rumford, <i>Consultant</i>
<i>Survey Method</i>	Dual System
<i>Sample Size</i>	70,000 persons, 17,000 households
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Urban: Random sampling of census blocks. Rural: Multi-stage sampling of clans and localities

Malagasy Republic 1966 *Enquête Démographique*

<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Institut National de la Statistique et de la Recherche Economique (Malagasy)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Michel Volle, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
	Francis Gendreau (Office de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique Outre-Mer, France), <i>Consultant</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	31,000 persons
	Stratified multi-stage sample of cantons with systematic quota sampling of village households

Malawi 1970-72

Malawi Population Change Survey

<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National (African population only)
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	National Statistical Office (Malawi)
<i>Survey Method</i>	G. T. N. Kamwanrunke (Senior Statistician) and Zifa W. Kazeze (Statistician), <i>Principal Investigators</i>
	John Rumford and John Blacker, <i>Consultants</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Dual System
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	7,500 households, 30,000 persons
	Stratified multi-stage sampling of districts and clusters of households

Mali 1960-61	<i>Enquête Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population except Niger Province and Nomadic zone
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de la Statistique (Mali) and Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (France)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Andre Serre (Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques, France), <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	104,565 persons
	Stratified random sampling: Multi-stage of cities and zones in urban areas. Single-stage of clusters of inhabitants in rural areas.
Mauritania 1964-65	<i>Enquête Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Rural only
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population – for fertility items females 12 years of age and older
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Ministère des Finances et du Plan (Mauritania)
	J. Brenez (Société d'Etudes du Développement Economique et Social, France), <i>Principal Investigator</i>
	Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (France) and Société d'Etudes du Développement Economique et Social (France), <i>Consultants</i>
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	160,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified single-stage sampling of villages (rural) and clans (nomad)

Morocco 1961-63	<i>Enquête à Objectifs Multiples</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Multipurpose
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National in the first round, rural only in the second and third rounds
<i>b Population</i>	Total population except nomads, Jews, residents of Province of Tarfaya or abroad
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service Central des Statistiques (Morocco)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round in rural areas, single-round retrospective in urban
<i>Sample Size</i>	Rural: 329,960 persons first round, 63,666 persons second and third round
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Rural: Stratified random sampling of villages
Morocco 1966	<i>Survey of Knowledge Attitudes and Practice of Family Planning in Nine Cities</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Urban areas (9 cities)
<i>b Population</i>	Adult population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service Central des Statistique (Morocco)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	4,049 households with 3,032 married women under 50; 871 married women over 50, 500 adolescents, and 865 married males
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified multi-stage random sampling of enumeration districts and households; all married women plus quota samples of adolescents and married males

Morocco 1967	<i>Survey of Knowledge Attitudes and Practice of Family Planning — Rural</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Rural only
<i>b Population</i>	Adult population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service Central des Statistiques (Morocco)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	1,728 households with 1,428 married women under 50, 266 married women over 50 and 650 married males
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified multi-stage random sampling of communes, villages, and households
Morocco 1972-73	
(Continuing)	<i>National Demographic Survey and Vital Registration Study</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Regional
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Centre de Recherche et d'Etudes Démographiques (Morocco) and Laboratories for Population Statistics (University of North Carolina, USA)
<i>Survey Method</i>	M. Rachidi (Director), <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Ralph Thomlinson, Karol Krotki and Ivan Fellegi, <i>Consultants</i>
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Dual System with 6 month rounds
	80,000 persons
	Stratified random sampling: multi-stage cluster sampling (rural) and single-stage sampling of districts (urban)

Niger 1963-64	<i>Etude Démographique et Economique en Milieu Nomade</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Multiple Objectives
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Local – Nomadic Zone of Tahoua
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service des Statistiques (Niger) and Institut National de la Statistique et des Etudes Economiques (France)
	F. Ganon and J. Ribet, <i>Principal Investigators</i>
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round
<i>Sample Size</i>	20,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified random sample of tribes
Niger 1970-71	<i>Enquête sur la Fécondité et la Famille</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Regional, rural, urban, selected areas
<i>b Population</i>	Females
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Population Council
	D. I. Pool, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	4,000 women
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Single-stage cluster sampling with sub-sampling for intensive interviews

Nigeria 1965-1966	<i>Rural Demographic Sample Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Rural only
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population, with fertility data collected about all women on a household basis
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Federal Office of Statistics (Nigeria)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Chief Statistician, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	United Nations, <i>Consultant</i>
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Multi-round 337,520 persons Two-stage sampling of households with enumeration districts (villages) as first stage units
Nigeria 1967-68	<i>Family Health Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic/KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Capital City of Lagos
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Department of Community Health (University of Lagos)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Robert W. Morgan, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Vaino Kannisto (United Nations), <i>Consultant</i>
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Multi-round (demographic), single round (KAP) 13,000 persons (demographic), 1,500 sub sample (KAP) Single-stage random sampling of blocks

Nigeria 1969	<i>Spread of Anti-Natal Knowledge and Practice in Nigeria</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Selected urban and rural areas
<i>b Population</i>	Adult Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Demographic Unit (University of Ife)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Adenola A. Igun and J. C. Caldwell, <i>Principal Investigators</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	8800 persons Stratified multi-stage sampling of districts and blocks, with quotas in each area
Nigeria 1969-1973	<i>Rural KAP Survey in Ishan Division</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Local
<i>b Population</i>	Currently married women 15-44 years of age
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Demographic Research Training Unit (University of Ife)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Adenola A. Igun and Gyorgy Acsadi, <i>Principal Investigators</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Multi-round (4 rounds) 5,278 women in first round-1969, 5,183 women in second round-1970, 1,500 women in 3rd round and 1,500 women in 4th round
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified random sampling

Nigeria 1971-73	<i>National Fertility, Family and Family Planning Survey, (FFP-KAP)</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National plus a separate Western Sample
<i>b Population</i>	Adult population-married women less than 49 years of age and their husbands
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Institute of Population and Manpower Studies (University of Ife)
	Adenola A. Igun, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
	Gyorgy T. Acsadi, <i>Consultant</i>
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	8,000 households
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified multi-stage random sampling of administrative districts, enumeration districts, and households
Nigeria 1973	<i>Demographic Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Central Office of Statistics (Nigeria)
	Chief Statistician, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round, 3 consecutive rounds; first round is census PES
<i>Sample Size</i>	2,400,000 first round
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Single-stage sampling of enumeration districts

Rwanda 1970	<i>Enquête Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service des Statistiques (Rwanda)
<i>Survey Method</i>	M. Lafarge, <i>Principal Investigator</i> Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	262,622 persons, 59,013 households
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Complete enumeration in urban zones and stratified random sampling in rural areas
Senegal 1960-61	<i>Enquête Démographique Nationale</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de la Statistique (Senegal)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	62,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified random sampling of urban zones and rural villages

Senegal 1962-66	<i>Enquête Démographique dans la Région du Sine-Saloum</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Regional, Arrondissements of Niakhar and Paos-Koto
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de la Statistique (Senegal) and Office de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique Outre-Mer (France)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Pierre Cantrelle, Office de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique Outre-Mer (France), <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Multi-round, initial census followed by 3 visits during 1st year followed by 3 control censuses with 1 year interval
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	About 50,000 persons; about 33,000 in Niakhar and 17,000 in Paos-Koto
Senegal 1970-1971	<i>Enquête Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total population – fertility items for women 13 years of age and over
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Direction de la Statistique (Senegal)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round
<i>Sample Size</i>	120,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified random sampling of urban districts and rural villages

Senegal 1972-73	<i>Enquête Fécondité du Cap Vert</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Capital City of Dakar
<i>b Population</i>	Females 13-55 years of age
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Office de la Recherche Scientifique et Technique Outre-Mer (France)
<i>Survey Method</i>	B. Ferry (director) and C. Guilton (assistant), <i>Principal Investigators</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	P. Cantrelle, <i>Consultant</i>
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Multi-round
	1,890 women
	Stratified systematic sampling of the Enquête National Démo-graphique (cluster sample) with stratification by age
Sierra Leone 1969-70	<i>Fertility and Family Planning Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Women 15-49 years of age, currently married or single with children
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Central Statistical Office (Sierra Leone)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Thomas E. Dow, Jr., <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	5,952 women
	2 stage probability sample of enumeration districts and households (metro and urban), single-stage of villages (rural)

Sierra Leone 1971-72	<i>Survey on Demographic Aspects of Marriage in Sierra Leone</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Males and females aged 10 years and over
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Population Council (USA)
<i>Survey Method</i>	T. Devis, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	2,000 households, approximately 7,000 persons
Sierra Leone 1972	<i>Western Region Fertility Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic/fertility
<i>Universe: (a) Areal</i>	Western Region
<i>(b) Population</i>	Total Population – fertility items to females 15 years and older
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Demographic Research and Training Unit (Fourah Bay College)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Birendar Singh, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	2,486 households, 13,067 persons
Sudan 1961-68	<i>Sudan Demographic Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	4 of 6 northern provinces
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Department of Statistics (Sudan)
<i>Survey Method</i>	R. A. Henin, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	105,000 persons
	Multi-stage random sampling (actually 8 separate surveys)

Tanzania 1973-74	<i>National Demographic Survey (Vital Rates Estimation)</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Bureau of Statistics (Tanzania) and Demographic Unit (University of Dar es Salaam)
<i>Survey Method</i>	R. A. Henin, assisted by J. Kocher and S. Ngallaba, <i>Principal Investigators</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	400,000 persons, about 80,000 households 4 clusters of 800 households randomly selected from each of the 18 regions of Tanzania
Togo 1961	<i>Enquête Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Direction de la Statistique (Togo)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	83,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified random sampling of urban zones and of clusters of inhabitants in rural areas
Togo 1969-70	<i>KAP Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Females aged 15 years and over
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	University of Ghana and Institut du Bénin
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	5000 women
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified multi-stage random sampling of villages and households

Togo 1971	<i>Demographic Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Direction de la Statistique (Togo)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Multi-round (1st round being the census, 2nd round one year after the census)
<i>Sample Size</i>	100,000 persons in 2nd round
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Random sampling of enumeration districts
Tunisia 1964	<i>Urban Survey</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Ten population centers
<i>b Population</i>	Married women under 40 years of age
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service de Planning Familial de Secrétariat d'Etat à la Santé Publique (Tunisia)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Jean Morsa, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	2175 females Purposive sampling of ten population centers, area sampling within the centers
Tunisia 1968-69	<i>Enquête Nationale Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total population – fertility items for ever-married women
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Secrétariat d'Etat au Plan et à l'Economie Nationale (Tunisia)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Chadli Tarifa, Jacques Vallin, K. Krotki, R. Lapham, I. Sivin and Claude Paulet, <i>Principal Investigators</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Multi-round
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	140,000 persons, 27,000 households Multi-stage cluster sampling of households from urban enumeration districts and rural villages

Uganda 1970-72	<i>Vital Registration and Differential Population Growth</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic/Fertility and Medical
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Two rural districts, Teso and Ankole
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population – fertility items to currently married women
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Departments of Sociology and Preventive Medicine (Makerere University)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Steve Taber and O. P. Arya, <i>Principal Investigators</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Dual system – continuous registration with 2 survey rounds
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	20,000 persons demographic; 1,000 couples for fertility interviews Purposive selection of a high-fertility and a low-fertility district. Full enumeration for demographic, purposive sub-sample of 1 or 2 “average” sub-parishes in each parish for fertility interviews
Upper Volta 1960-61	<i>Enquête Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National (except Ougadougou and Bobo-Dioulasso)
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service Central des Statistiques (Upper Volta)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	80,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Stratified random sample of urban zones and rural villages

Upper Volta 1969	<i>Enquête sur le Changement Social et les Naissances</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Regional
<i>b Population</i>	Females in fertile years
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Population Council (USA) and Cornell University (USA)
<i>Survey Method</i>	D. I. Pool, <i>Principal Investigator</i>
<i>Sample Size</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	1,829 females Probability sampling of married women in Ougadougou, 2-stage (purposive and probability) area sampling in urban-rural fringe, quota sampling of 50 women from 8 tribes in Bobo-Dioulasso, and purposive sampling in rural areas
Upper Volta 1972-73	<i>Enquête Démographique</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	National
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	Service Central des Statistiques (Upper Volta)
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	230,000 persons
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Not available
Zambia 1969-70	<i>Survey on Population Growth in Selected Urban and Rural Areas</i>
<i>Type of Survey</i>	Demographic/KAP
<i>Universe: a Areal</i>	Regional-selected urban and rural areas
<i>b Population</i>	Total Population
<i>Sponsoring Organization</i>	University of Zambia
<i>Survey Method</i>	Single-round retrospective
<i>Sample Size</i>	Not available
<i>Method of Sampling</i>	Not available

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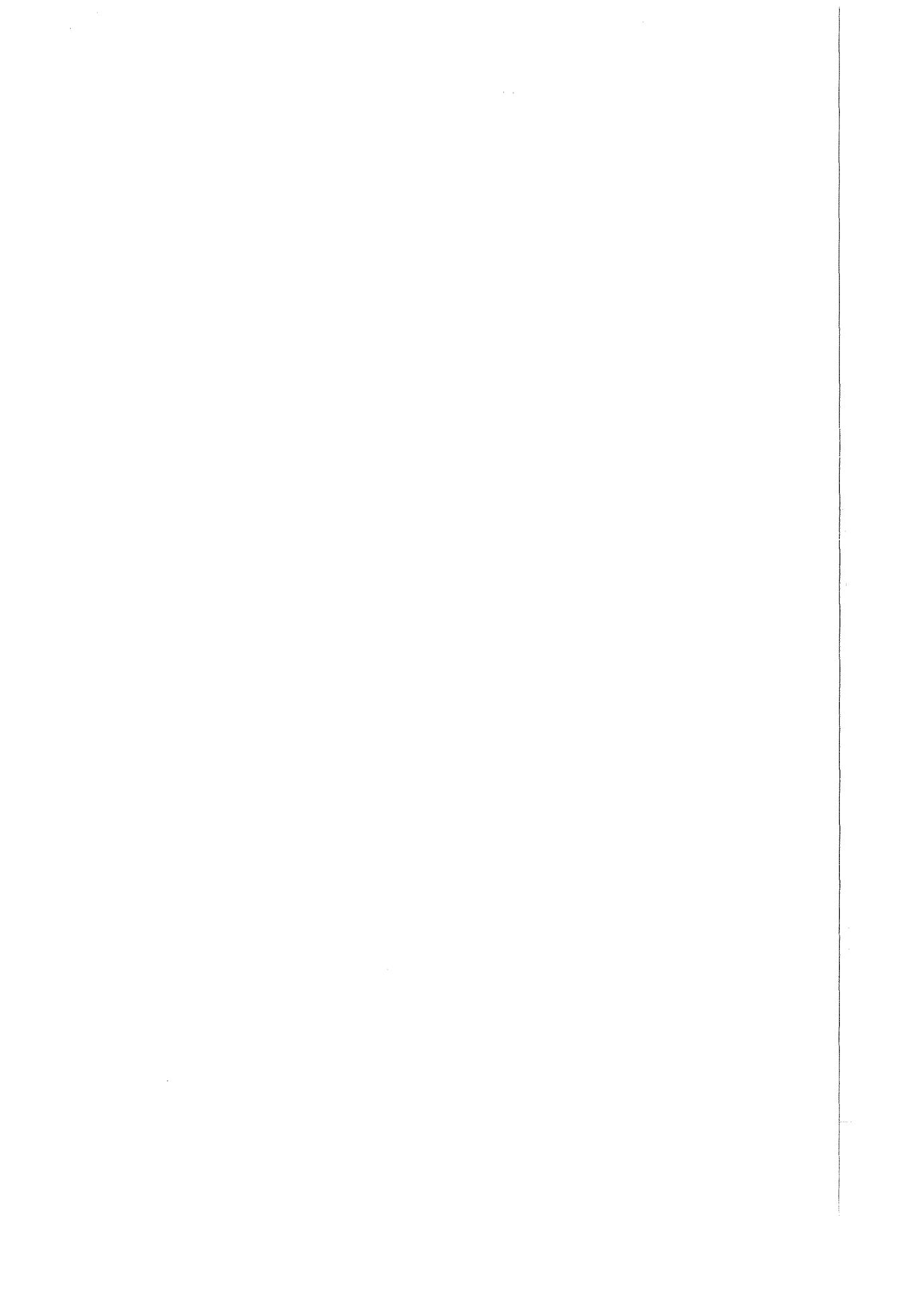
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